

Ne pas distribuer, directement ou indirectement aux Etats-Unis, au Canada, au Japon ou en Australie

- €1,543.1 million, of which €1,246.3 million corresponding to 100% of the investment held in ECI.
- (2) The components of “fleet holding costs” and “fleet operating, rental and revenue related costs” are discussed in Section 3.1 “Analysis of the Group’s Results” in Exhibit A to this Offering Memorandum.
- (3) Other non-recurring income and expenses in 2017, totaling €70.7 million in expenses included the following items: reorganization expenses in Germany, recognition of a provision in Germany in the context of the “Trading Standard” dispute for €42.5 million and the reversal of the ADLC provision in France, costs on the acquisitions of Goldcar, Buchbinder, EC Denmark and Snappcar and expenses related to various group transformation projects

Other non-recurring income and expenses, in 2016, amounting to €(20.7) million mainly included the following: (a) restructuring costs of €17.6 million including severance costs relating to the implementation of measures to streamline the network and Back-office activities and €3.1 million for other items (see Note 12 to the Parent Consolidated Financial Statements for year ended December 2016).

Other non-recurring income and expenses, in 2015, amounting to €(61.8) million, included the following: (a) restructuring costs of €24 million including severance costs relating to the implementation of measures to streamline the German network and some local headquarters; (b) fees relating to our initial public offering and offering of 2022 Parent Notes of €11.5 million; (c) a provision of €45 million based on the best estimate of the financial risk (at that stage of the procedure with the French Competition Authority) in the event that the French Competition Authority were to impose a fine notwithstanding the Group’s arguments in defense of its position (see Note 32 to the Parent Consolidated Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 included in Exhibit C to this Offering Memorandum); and (d) a net positive reversal of €23 million relating to the execution of a settlement agreement with Enterprise on April 29, 2015 putting an end to all legal proceedings with that company (see Note 32 to the Parent Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2015 included in Exhibit C to this Offering Memorandum).

For the three months ended March 31, 2018, other non-recurring income of €59.7 million included mainly the profit on the sale of Car2go for €68 million (see Note 9 to the Parent Consolidated Financial Statements for the three months ended March 31, 2018).

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the non-recurring income of €39.9 million included mainly the €45 million reversal of the provision related to the proceedings with Authority of French Competition (see Note 9 to the Parent Consolidated Financial Statements for the three months ended March 31, 2018).

- (4) The amount recorded under “Rental fleet recorded on the balance sheet” in the statement of financial position represents the acquisition cost of the vehicles (net of volume rebates) and is mainly the sum of two amounts representing distinct current assets:
- the “Vehicle buy-back agreement receivable,” representing the agreed buy-back price (the obligation of the manufacturer or dealer); and
 - the “Deferred depreciation expense on vehicles,” representing the difference between the acquisition cost of the vehicle and the agreed buy-back price. This asset is depreciated in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the contractual holding period of the vehicle.
- (5) These investments are earmarked to cover the liabilities of the Group’s captive insurance company. See Note 19 to the Parent Consolidated Financial Statements for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 included in Exhibit A and Exhibit B to this Offering Memorandum.
- (6) RPD (revenue per rental day) corresponds to rental revenue for the period divided by the number of rental days for the period. The variation in RPD is calculated compared to the RPD of the prior year.
- (7) Average fleet of the period is calculated by considering the number of days of the period when the fleet is available (period during which the Group holds the vehicles), divided by the number of days of the same period, multiplied by the number of vehicles in the fleet for the period.
- (8) The average fleet costs per unit per month is the total fleet costs (fleet holding costs and fleet operating cost) excluding Interest expense included in fleet operating lease rents, divided by the average fleet of the period, divided by the number of months of the period.
- (9) The fleet financial utilization rate corresponds to the number of rental days as a percentage of the number of days in the fleet’s financial availability period. The fleet’s financial availability period corresponds to the period during which the Group holds vehicles.
- (10) The table below presents a reconciliation of adjusted recurring operating income, Adjusted Corporate EBITDA and Adjusted Consolidated EBITDA to current operating income.

The Group presents adjusted recurring operating income, Adjusted Consolidated EBITDA and Adjusted Corporate EBITDA because the Group believes they provide investors with important additional information to evaluate the Group’s performance. The Group believes these indicators are frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of companies in the Group’s industry. In addition, the Group believes that investors, analysts and rating agencies will consider adjusted recurring operating income, Adjusted Consolidated EBITDA and Adjusted Corporate EBITDA useful in measuring the Group’s ability to meet its debt service obligations. None of adjusted recurring operating income, Adjusted Consolidated EBITDA or Adjusted Corporate EBITDA is a recognized measurement under IFRS and should not be considered as alternative to operating income or net profit as a measure of operating results or cash flows as a measure of liquidity.

(in millions of €)	For the three months ended March 31,		For the year ended December 31,		
	2018	2017	2017	2016	2015

